India's First MSW Treatment Facility

Fully Compliant with SWM 2016 guidelines



OREX powered Mechanical Biological Treatment

Presentation SFC Environmental Technology Pvt. Ltd, India

We all agree.....

Urgent need to set up MSW treatment plants in India.

- Hazardous Emissions & frequent fires !
- Ground water contamination
- Very poor sanitation condition, Slums all around
- Air quality degrading day by day
- Breathing problems and Poor Health.....



MORE & MORE land is required for dumping garbage.....

How to solve the garbage problem....?

Legal provisions SWM 2016



Mandatory to <u>Segregate</u> mixed waste into bio-degradable and non-biodegradable fractions.

SWM 2016 Guidelines Refer Schedule II

- 6. Fly ash, Residue & Bottom ash to be sampled and disposed in Hazardous Waste Handling facility (Note d)
- 7. Other measures include <u>Odor</u> control, <u>Effluent</u> treatment, <u>Proper enclosed sheds</u>, <u>health & hygie</u>ne safeguards

Why are these SWM 2016 provisons

RELEVANT.....?



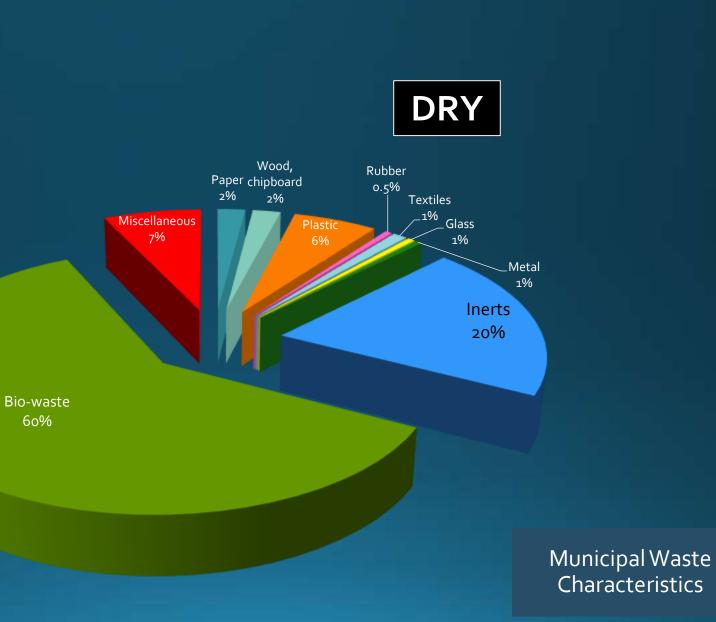
Typical Characteristics

of

Indian Municipal Solid Waste

- Production of waste 0,3 0,4 kg/person
- 40-60% bio-waste or organic 5-10% recyclable
- 20-30% Inorganic, non recyclable
- 15 30% inerts like sand and stones
- 50-80% Moisture
- Calorific Value : 600 to 800 Kcal/Kg

WET



SWM 2016

Prescribes Treatment Options based on the Quality of Indian Mixed Waste



1. Waste is Mixed in nature with High ORGANICS

2. It has High MOISTURE and Very Low CALORIFIC VALUE (600-800 Kcal/kg)

Emphasis ----

Sustainable & Environmentaly Safe disposal

Not have any Carcinogenic Emissions or Disposal of Hazardous Ash & Residue, which are difficult to monitor and control





Garbage Treatment Plant 100 TPD

Calungute/Saligaon North Goa OREX – Biomethantion – Composting- RDF





50,000 Tons of Existing Dumped Waste Remediated & Cleared, Land recovered RDF sent to ACC Wadi. Compost used in house



Remediation using Multi Deck Vibratory screens to Recover RDF and Compost

PRODUCTS GENERATED AT THE GOA MSW TREATMENT FACILITY

1. Recycling Materials: 5% to 8%

• Paper, Plastics foils, PET bottles, Glass, metals, Wood, Coconut, Al Cans, Tetrapack

2.Compost : upto 20%

• High quality compost for use as fertilizer in agriculture

3. Electricity/ CNG : upto 1 MWH per 100 Tons

• Electricity can be used by industries or in-house

4.RDF: 15%, upto 2 MWH per 100 Ton RDF

- High calorific material (plastic, paper, cartridge etc.)
- Alternative fuel (cement etc.) or incinerated to produce additional electricity

5. Reduced residuals to landfill: (10 to 15%) to Land fill

• Inert heavy material, sand, stones











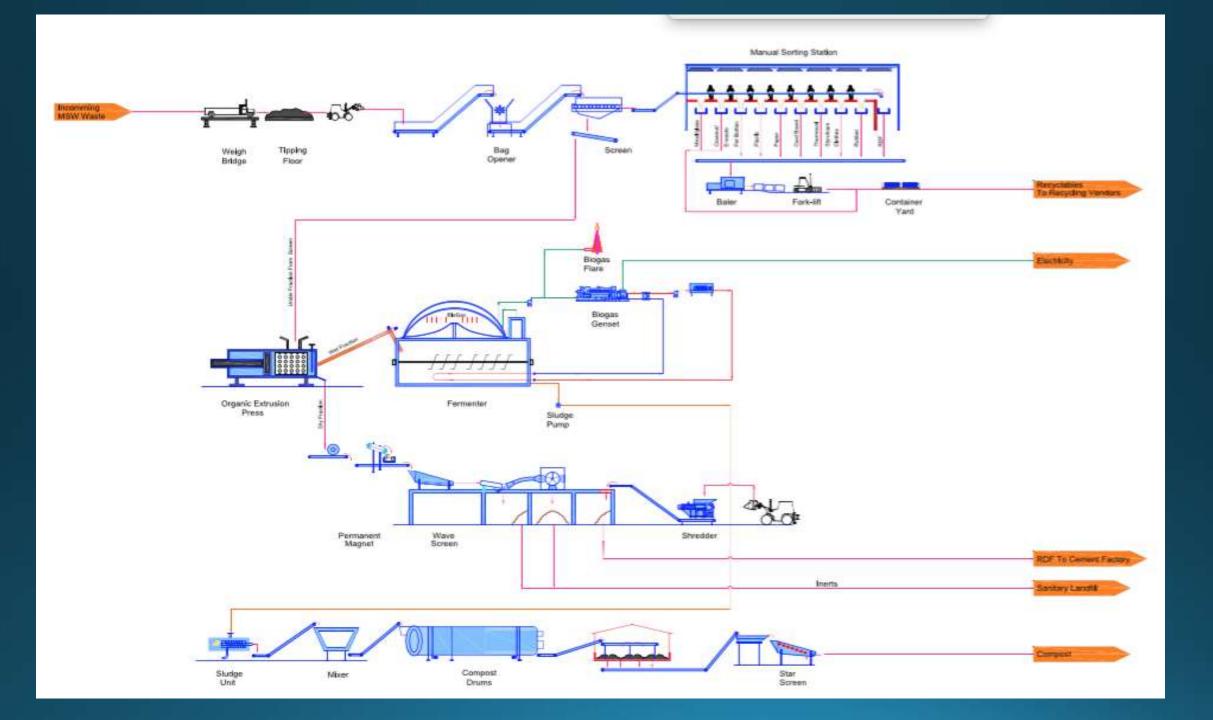
Key Aspects of the MSW treatment Plant at Goa

Key aspects of the Facility – 100% compliance to SWM 2016

- The treatment process has been wetted and approved by an expert committee under the chairmanship of Padam Shri Dr. Sharad Kale and experts from NEERI, IIT Mumbai and BITS Goa
- 100% treatment of the mixed garbage is done under enclosed shed with proper ventilation and lighting. No storage of garbage , "daily in daily out" concept.
- More than 15 fractions of Recyclables are sorted and recovered daily and sent to recycling vendors.
- 100% of the waste is segregated into wet and dry fraction using <u>OREX</u> technology. Biodegradable fraction is sent for biomethanation / composting and dry fraction is cleaned and converted into high calorific value RDF.

Key aspects of the Facility – 100% compliance to SWM 2016

- No burning of waste, No harmful emissions. High Calorific value RDF (> 4500 Kcal/kg) is sent to ACC Wadi due to the excellent initiative and support of Geocycle.
- No human contact with waste fully automatic PLC/Scada controlled.
- Special emphasis is on hygiene and cleanliness of the facility
- All effluents are treated via MBR/RO technology and recycled for flushing, cleaning and gardening
- Ventilation and bio-filters ensure odor generation is minimized and safely disposed.
- Only 10% inert go for land fill
- Very important --- Land usage is very low and is fixed for next 30 years





Plant Entrance and Security Gate with

- Visitor waiting area
- Toilet
- Drinking water facility





Weigh Bridge Station 2 Nos. at entry and exit points All sides Glass panels for proper view





- Material Recovery shed and Compost shed
- Completely enclosed with motorized rolling shutters
- Self supporting Roofs with no columns inside for free movement of vehicles







- Administrative Building (G+1)
- Facility Centre- showers, toilets, lockers
- Canteen
- Medical Room
- Drivers Rest room















Material Recovery shed with proper

- Motorized Rolling shutters Ramp for trucks to unload waste Input bunkers •
- •





Ventilation fans and bio-filter for odor control inside the shed

Input feed bunker- chain belt conveyor with bag opener



Single shaft blade of the bag opener





Roller Screen followed by a Sorting Station to recover recyclables





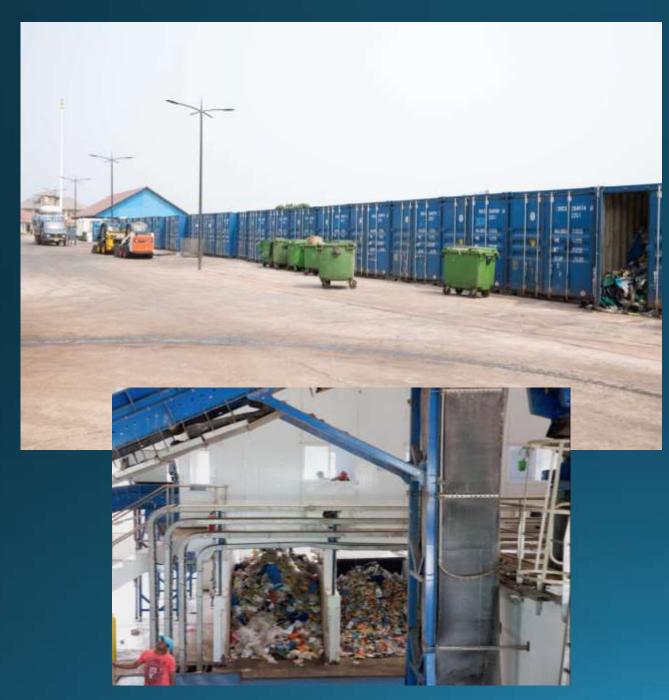






Manual Sorting Station with bunkers to sort 15 fractions

- Ventilation system
- Lighting
- Safety switches





Baler press and Container storage yard

OREX for automatic segregation of the mixed waste into wet and dry and fraction in a single step using very high pressure to squeeze the waste



Segregated Pure Organic fraction outlet directly into Fermenter



Segregated In Organic RDF fraction going to the RDF line





Organic Extrusion (**OREX**) is a single stage automatic segregation process.....

Most important step

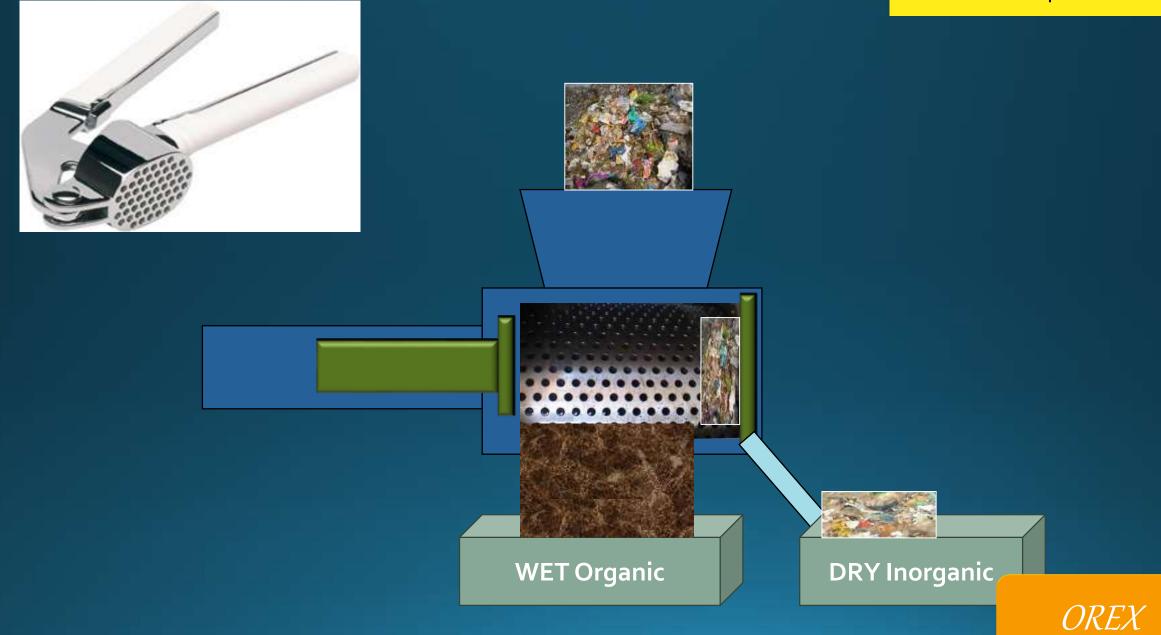
"Segregation"

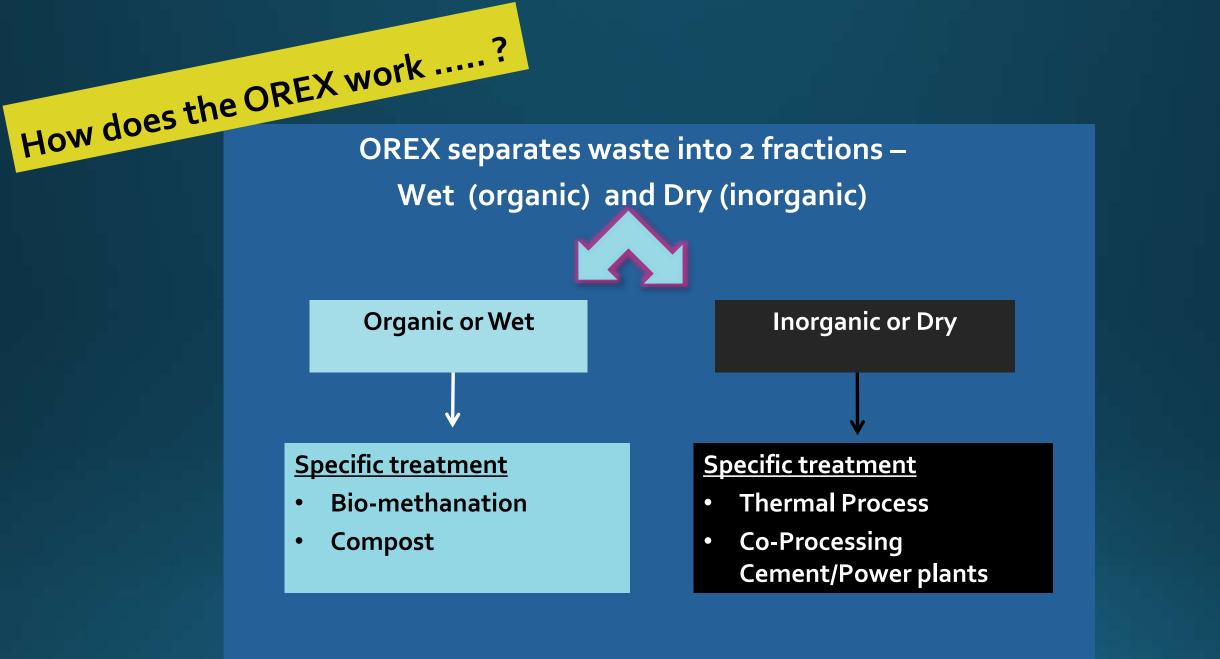
organic (wet) and inorganic (dry) fraction

Only then any downstream treatment process work.



OREX operation



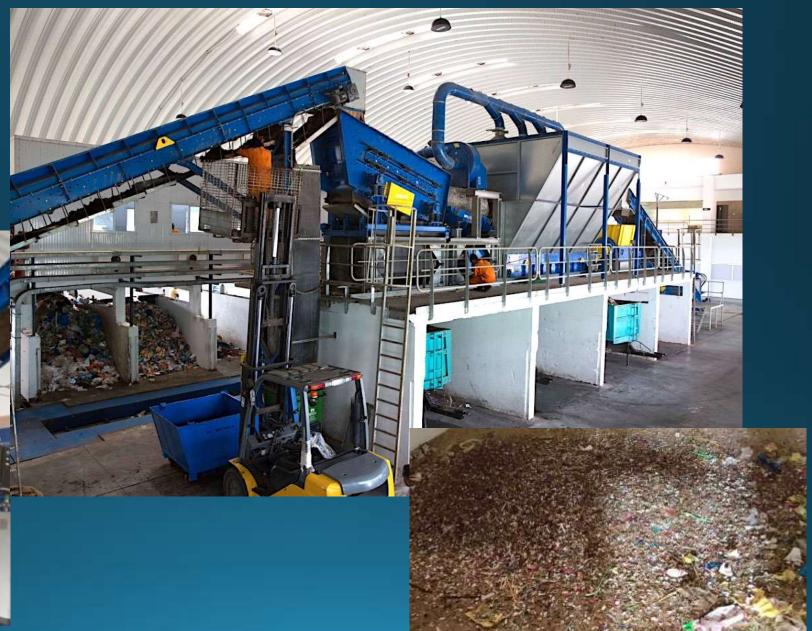


Dry fraction from OREX goes to a RDF line

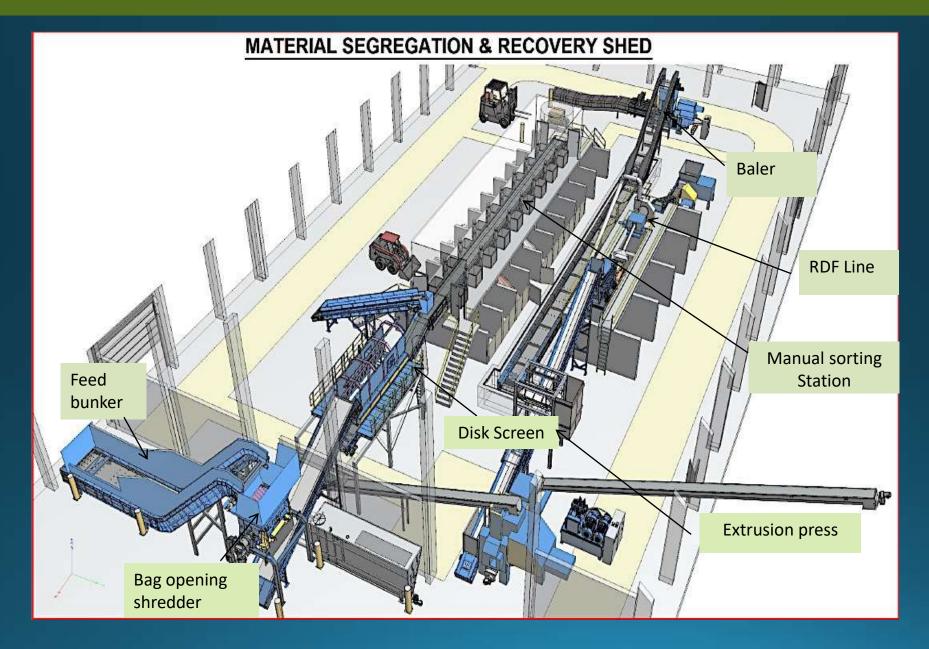
RDF line for dry fraction

- Magnetic separator
- Flip flow screen
- Wind sifter
- Separated Inert fraction





Overall View of the Material Recovery & Segregation shed







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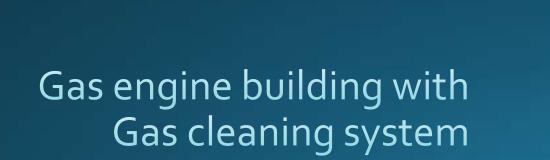
Composting In-Vessel composting drums





Gas engine with flare

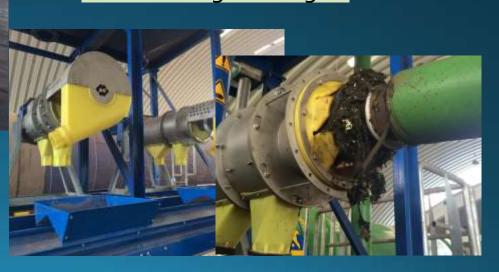








In vessel composting drums, Compost Screens Screw press for dewatering of sludge



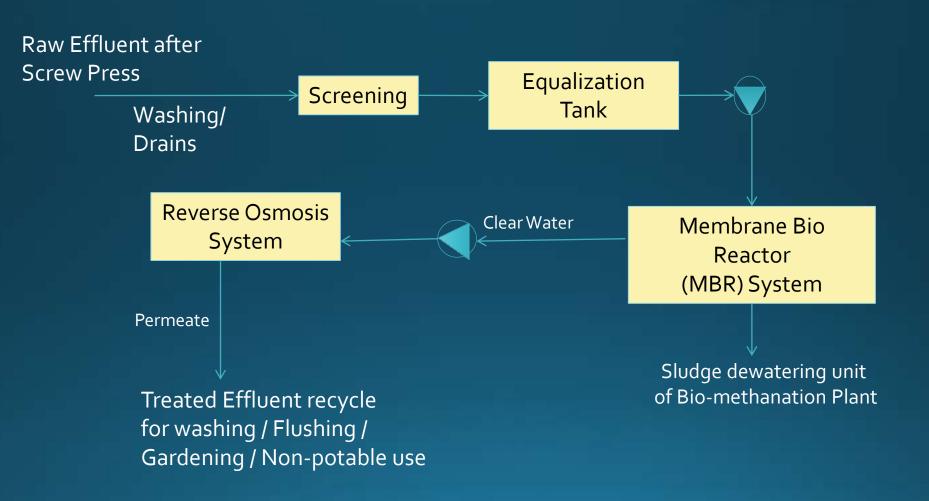
enclosed and the

Compost Shed fully enclosed In vessel composting Drums Effluent Treatment cum Recycle plant (Based on MBR+RO)

Completely recycled for in-house applications like gardening, flushing, cleaning etc.

Effluent Treatment Plant

Flow Diagram of ETP









ETP Shed

- MBR Blowers
- RO Skid
- Panels
- Chemical dosing units



Sanitary Landfill cells

Only for 10% residual Inert fraction





Land fill cells only for recovered inert fraction < 10% Last But Most important Points To Remember.....

- Indian Garbage does not have the 'Wealth" as commonly thought of.
- It has some value, which can offset part of the operating cost.
- Aim of a MSW treatment plant is to treat the waste and not generate revenue.
- Select proper treatment technologies keeping in view quality of Indian mixed waste, overall environmental impact of treatment and disposal of carcinogenic and hazardous residues, which have very long term impact on all future generations.
- Capital & Operating investments are required to be made by the government to ensure success in this segment

OREX... Changes the way we look at garbage



We invite you to come & Experience the MSW plant at Goa Thank You

